



B. K. HAMMER, J. H. BLACK & CO., Proprietors  
BAMBER & MOSSER, Proprietors  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois,  
second class mail matter.

TUESDAY EVE., JUNE 9, 1885.

**SENATOR EDMUNDS** has arrived in England. The object of his visit is to give evidence before the Committee on Privileges of the House of Lords regarding American law in a case involving the succession to the title and estates of the Earl of Lauderdale.

AMONG the letters of recommendation filed by one Brooks, an applicant for the position of assistant treasurer at San Francisco, is one from that distinguished Democrat, Jefferson Davis. That ought to make him solid with the administration.

Another of the Chicago election crooks, Gilmore, has squealed, making affidavit to the effect that the testimony he gave on the trial of Mackin and Gallagher was entirely false, and had been made up by the former, who agreed to remunerate him for swearing to it. The statement is made that Gilmore's action in telling the story of his crookedness is entirely voluntary, and that evidence corroborating its truth is obtainable.

**SENATOR LOGAN** called on President Cleveland yesterday and remained at the White House half an hour, during which time the Democratic office hunters, who constantly besiege that citadel of their hopes, were compelled to wait in the anteroom, to their intense disgust. While Senator Logan was paying his respects to the president the veterans were firing their salutes in honor of the former's election, the guns being placed in the grounds south of the Washington monument, and near the White House.

The axe has fallen upon the neck of another "offensive partisan" in Illinois—District Attorney Connolly—who has been suspended and Gustavus Van Hoorebeek appointed in his stead. The appointment of this man of Hollandish and onthandish patrionyke has struck the Springfield bosses all in a heap, so to speak, and they are not exactly certain yet as to what hurt them, but they take it as a slap at the capital regency, and while they are not feeling as good as they did a week ago they feel some degree of relief in the reflection that though Morrison can get appointments for his friends he could not get a senatorship for himself. When they think of how the 3d district took the breath out of the Waterloo statesman they are much comforted.

If the following, which appears in the New York *Tribune*, is absolutely true—and there appears no reason to doubt the story—it affords an argument against the management of affairs in some quarters which needs no elaboration:

Mr. Stephenson is an old soldier and served for a long time as chief of the middle division of the Pension Office. He has an excellent record, both as an officer and civil employee of the Government. In some way, however, he had managed to incur the displeasure and hostility of Col. Morrison. In fact, there can be no doubt but that his discharge was due directly to Morrison's demand for his scalp. At any rate, Gen. Black sent for Col. Stephenson a few days ago and requested his resignation. It was handed to the Commissioner without a word. I don't know whether Gen. Black felt any pangs at thus treating a man who had borne arms with him in the same cause and had been a faithful soldier. He moved nervously in his seat, and, after clearing his throat, said, softly:

"Colonel, you are an able bashed man. You won't have any trouble in getting along in the world."

"Well, Mr. Commissioner," Col. Stephenson replied quietly, "I don't at least make capital out of my disabilities as some men do [here] the Commissioner seemed to wince]; and if I appear to others to be abashed it is because I do not talk as much about my wounds as I ought to, perhaps. This I will say, however, that I have been wounded in four places, and that I suffer from these wounds more now than I should ever wish my worst enemies to."

Mr. Stephenson was about to rise and bow himself out when Gen. Black begged him to be seated, and, in blubbering accents, his voice choked with tears, began to tell the Colonel that his dismissal had been insisted upon by others—men high in power and of much influence; that the pressure brought to bear upon him was greater than he had been able to withstand; that it was not his work; that it went against his grain; and more to the same effect. Pshaw; it must have been

We have no "Cheap Sales Day," but give our customers the best bargains we can. J. H. Black & Son. 9 dt.

## BY TELEGRAPH

### GRANT'S STORY.

Extracts From Advance Sheet of General Grant's Book—The Story of His Life.

His Ancestry, Early Days and First Introduction Into the Service of His Country.

A Glimpse of Some of His Battles, Upsetting Many Popular Stories and Sifting Facts From Fiction.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The *Commercial Advertiser* publishes extracts from General Grant's forthcoming book, which will be entitled "Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant." The book will be in two volumes of about five hundred pages each. The first volume and nearly at the end are now written. The book will, it is claimed, contain the inside history of several important operations hitherto undivulged or incorrectly described. The dedication of the work is in the following words:

"The volumes are dedicated to the American soldier and sailor.  
[Signed.] U. S. GRANT.  
New York, May 23, 1885."

In describing his origin, General Grant says: "He is of the eighth generation descending from Matthew Grant, who came to America from Dorchester, Eng., in 1630, and settled at Dorchester, Mass. General Grant's great-grandfather, Noah Grant, was an officer in the English army in the year of 1705 against the French and Indians, and his grandfather, Nahum Grant, fought in the revolution against England."

Grant was born at Point Pleasant, Ohio. He received his appointment at West Point through Hon. Thomas Morris, Senator from Ohio. The fact that he had no early training toward military life is shown by his first writing to the appointment of his father, General Grant, in describing his first meeting with the enemy, when he commanded a regiment, naively admits that he was very much frightened. On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that his commander was probably as much frightened as he was. In view of the fact that he had passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind, and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

his commander was probably as much

frightened as he was.

In view of the fact that he had

passed harmlessly over the enemy, he concluded that his mind,

and he never thereafter felt trepidation in the presence of the enemy. In his comments on the much-discussed battle of Shiloh, General Grant dissects from the idea that if Johnson had not been killed the Confederates would have won and annihilated Grant's army. He remarks: "It's defeated, but it's not annihilated. We may have been disgracefully beaten," all the bullets fired by us had passed harmlessly over the enemy and "all of them had taken effect."

The fact that Johnston was leading the brigade to induce it to make a charge which had been repeatedly ordered is evidence that there was neither the universal desire nor the unanimous confidence in the safety of our side nor the unshaken confidence in the safety of the other.

The general, naively admits that he was

very much frightened.

On seeing the rear of the opposition force without a saluting attack, the idea struck him that

# LINN & SCRUGGS

New Spring Goods  
NOW OFFERING.  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**WALL PAPER,**  
**CURTAINS,**  
**CARPETS.**

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN  
**Black and Colored Silks**  
AND FRENCH AND AMERICAN  
**DRESS GOODS.**

An Attractive Assortment of  
**MOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS**

At Very Low Prices.

A Complete Stock of  
**SUMMER DRESS GOODS, JERSEYS,**  
Spring Wraps, Parasols, Ribbons, Dress  
Trimmings, Laces and Embroideries, Calicoes,  
Bleached and Brown Cottons, Table  
Damasks, Towelings, Sheetings, Shirt-  
ings, and Housekeeping Goods  
of every description.

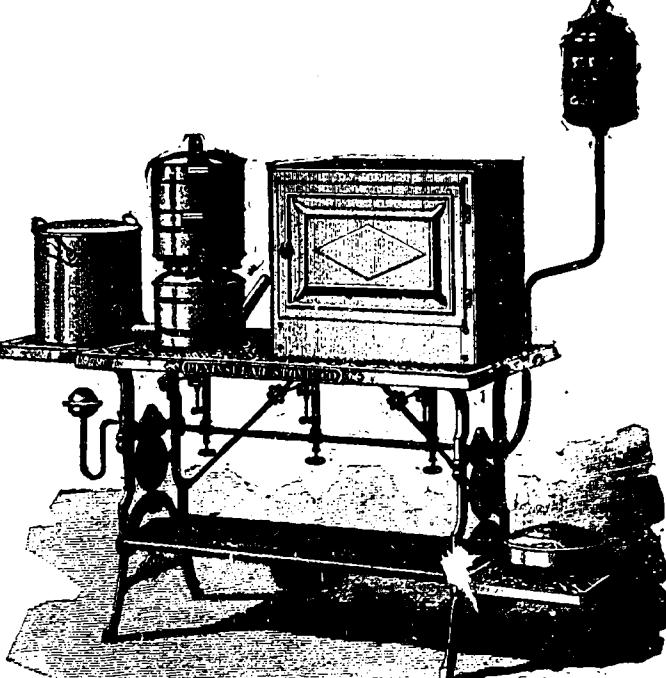
Velvet, Moquet, Brussels and Ingrain  
**CARPETINGS, AND WALL PAPER,**  
in the newest designs and colorings, and at  
LOWER Prices than were ever sold.

REMEMBER,  
The Best Goods for the Least Money can at all  
times be found at

**LINN & SCRUGGS,**  
Agents Butterick's Patterns.

March 19—d&wt

**PENINSULAR**  
**VAPOR STOVE.**



**THE SIMPLEST!**

**THE SAFEST!**

Call and see it in Operation.

**Morehouse, Wells & Co..**  
134 East Main-St.

**EVERY MAN,**  
old or young, should see the new-  
est thing in

## CUFF BUTTONS.



It holds the cuff to the sleeve  
band without the aid of a "top but-  
ton. See them and you will have  
no other.

**OTTO E. CURTIS & CO.,**  
LEADING JEWELERS.

Goods.

an induc-

on have seen

,  
ELERS.



GO TO  
**BREWER'S**

For Good Bread,

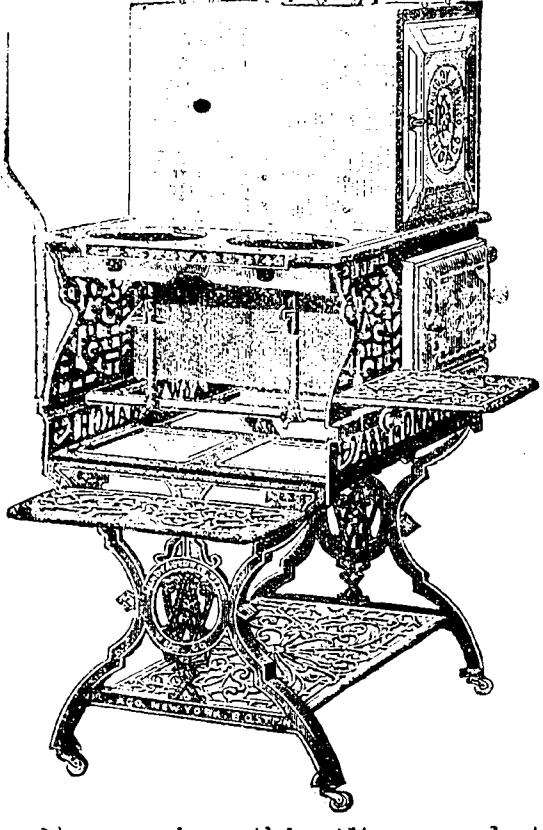
CAKES, PIES, Etc. Everything made at  
Brewer's is as choice as can be found any-  
where.

**Wedding Cakes a Specialty.**  
BREWER THE BAKER,

211 North Main St., Decatur, Ill.

Dec. 30, 1884—dtf

**THE A. & W. MONARCH,**  
The Most Complete Gasoline Stove Made.



The Only GASOLINE STOVE in the market  
having a WARMING CLOSET.

Takes up less room and does more work than  
any other stove.

Call and examine this Stove whether you  
want to buy or not. It will interest you.  
Sold only by

**FERCUSON & DILLEHUNT**  
125 North Water Street.

FREIGHT and express billiard ball for sale at  
the post office, 221 North Main street,  
and in any part of the city, at  
12¢ per gallon. Telephone 322. 10¢-dtf

Telephones No. 100 and get pure cry-  
tal ice from D. A. Mullit. Special atten-  
tion paid to all orders. Three wagons on  
the rounds every morning. 3¢-dtf

Mess' good solid working shoes for  
\$1.00 at Barber & Nichols. 2¢-dtf

Open your eye of Autumn. Telephone  
116. 5¢-dtf

Dr. J. Brown will pay cash for a first-  
class horse; must not weigh less than  
120 pounds, nor be over 7 years old.  
June 6-dtf

Men's Low Cut Shoes at half price at  
Barber & Nichols. 4¢-dtf

For birthday presents, buy a Gent's  
Smoking Jacket at B. Stine's. dtf

Use Black Wire Cloth for your screen  
doors and windows. You will like it bet-  
ter than any other color. Sold by More-  
house, Well & Co. 29¢-dtf

Special sale to-day and to-morrow in  
Men's Fine Shoes at Bush & Hutchins.  
4¢-dtf

Highest rates to Kansas and Nebraska via  
the Illinois Central, Peoria, Decatur & Evans-  
ville, and Illinois Midland railroads. For rates  
and general information, call or write to  
H. Shimer, ticket agent, Union Depot.

3¢-dtf

Dr. J. Brown will pay cash for a first-  
class horse; must not weigh less than  
120 pounds, nor be over 7 years old.  
June 6-dtf

## The Daily Republican.

TERMS.  
For week, payable to Carrier, ..... 10cts.  
One year, in advance, ..... 85.00  
Six Months, ..... 2.50  
Three Months, ..... 1.50

TUESDAY EVE, JUNE 9, 1886.

### LOCAL NEWS.

If you want to keep your meats, butter  
and milk cold and sweet, buy an  
Alaska Refrigerator of  
E. D. BARTHOLOMEW & CO.

JACK KNIFE SHOES. 9-dtf

THE COUNTY BOARD IS IN SESSION.

THE "TWO ORPHANS" TO-NIGHT AT THE  
OPERA HOUSE.

RINO UP NIEDERMAYER ON THE MOUND  
AND ORDER HOME GROWN STRAWBERRIES.

GO TO PECK & CO.'S FOR THOSE ELEGANT  
BLU MOUND STRAWBERRIES.

THE JACK-KNIFE SHOE IS THE SHOE FOR  
YOU. J. H. BLACK & SON. 9-dtf

SEE THE ETHEL TUCKER COMPANY TO-NIGHT  
IN THE "TWO ORPHANS."

WE HAVE THE BEST \$1.00 TOE SLIPPERS IN  
THE CITY. J. H. BLACK & SON.

THESE WERE A HEAVY FROST FELL LAST NIGHT,  
BUT SO FAR AS LEARNED NO SERIOUS DAMAGE  
WAS DONE. THERE WAS ENOUGH TO WHITE  
WALKS, TOPS OF SHEDS AND THE GRASS.

SEATS CAN BE SECURED AT CURTIS & CO.'S  
FOR THE ETHEL TUCKER COMPANY.

THIS AFTERNOON CHARLES WINOUR, OF PE-  
ORIA, AND MRS. BINA Hatch, OF DECATUR,  
WERE GRANTED A MARRIAGE LICENSE.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL CLASS RESOLUTIONS  
READ AT THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE MRS.  
GREENLEY DUNSTON ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON  
WILL BE FOUND ON THE FOURTH PAGE OF THIS  
ISSUE.

GEO. W. LEMLEY, GROCER, QUINCY, ILL.,  
SAYS: "WE CAN'T KEEP HOUSE WITHOUT  
BURKE'S WHITE PINE BALM FOR CONGNS  
AND COLDS."

COUNTY GROWN STRAWBERRIES, CANNED  
FISH AND FRUITS AND NEW POTATOES, AT  
HANKS & PATTERSON'S FAMILY STORE, 143  
SOUTH WATER STREET.

ORDERS CONTINUE TO COME IN AT WAYNE  
& ANDERSON'S FOR THEIR FAMOUS CHAMPION  
ROAD CARTS. THERE ARE NO BETTER. SEE  
THEIR DISPLAY OF FINE BUGGIES.

THE PRIME FAVORITES WITH THE LADIES ARE  
THE CELEBRATED HAINES BROS., SOLD BY C. B.  
PRESCO, WHO CARRIES A FULL LINE OF MUSI-  
CAL INSTRUMENTS AND NEW SHEET MUSIC.

REDUCED PRICES FOR FINE FURNITURE STILL  
CONTINUE AT DUSTMAN & MEYER'S DOUBLE  
STORE, IN HAWORTH BLOCK. NO TROUBLE TO  
STORE GOODES.

THE LARGEST INVOICE OF FIREWORKS EVER  
BROUGHT TO THIS CITY IS NOW ON DISPLAY AT  
CRETRON & PAYNE'S CONFECTIONERY, 229  
OPERA BLOCK. JUNE 9-dtm

SUNDAY NIGHT A MINK GOT INTO CHARLEY  
STEARI'S CHICKEN HOUSE, NEAR THE SANGA-  
MON, NORTHEAST OF THE CITY, AND KILLED 48  
SPRING CHICKENS INTENDED TO BRING TO  
DECATOR ON MONDAY AND SELLED AT \$3 A DOZEN.  
THE MINK CAUGHT EACH CHICK BY THE THROAT AND SUCKED THE BLOOD OUT OF IT.

WE HAVE THE BEST \$2.00 LADIES' GOUT  
AND KID SHOES IN THE CITY. J. H. BLACK & SON.  
9-dtm

YOU CAN BUY CHOICE SUGAR-  
CURED BONELESS BACON, BACON, BACON,  
WITHOUT CLOTH OR PAPER WRAPPINGS, OF IMBODEN  
BROS. 8-dtm

JUSTICE STEVENS HEARD THE TESTIMONY  
OF MRS. M. B. HALL AND OTHERS AGAINST  
ED. HADDOCK, AND DECIDED THAT THE CO-  
ACCUSED WAS GUILTY OF USING OFFENSIVE LANGUAGE.  
HE WAS FINED \$5 AND THE USUAL TRIMMING.

AVEN'S SARSAPARILLA IS A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED  
EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, AND OTHER  
BLOOD-PURIFYING ROOTS, COMBINED WITH  
FOLIUM OF POTASSIUM AND IRON. IT CONTROLS  
OVER-SORBITOS DISEASES AND UNQUELLED BY  
ANY OTHER MEDICINE.

J. H. BLACK & SON'S JACK KNIFE SHOES  
ARE THE BEST IN THE CITY—ONLY \$2. 9-dtm

E. B. PRATT IS MAKING QUITE A SUCCESS  
OF HIS NEW LIVERY STABLE, ON NORTH CHURCH  
STREET. HE HAS SIX NEW VEHICLES, SINGLE  
RIADS AND TWO OPEN CARRIAGES FOR FAMILIES  
AND HIS HORSES ARE GENTLE AND RELIABLE AT  
ALL TIMES.

JOSEPH J. WEILER, CLEVELAND, OHIO, SAYS:  
"I HAVE NEVER HAD A PREPARATION THAT IS  
GIVING SUCH UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION AS ATLU-  
PHOROS—ESPECIALLY FOR RHEUMATISM. IT  
CAN BE RECOMMENDED WITH A CLEAR CON-  
SCIENCE."

SEE THE J. H. BLACK & SON JACK KNIFE  
SHOES. 9-dtm

SATURDAY EVENING NEAR BEARSDALE TWO  
LITTLE SONS OF CONSTABLE HENRY FERRELL  
WERE HAVING A PICNIC RIDING A JERSEY COW.  
BOTH WERE THROWN OFF AND WILLIE FERRELL  
HAD HIS LEFT ARM BROKEN ABOVE THE ELBOW.

REV. J. F. SCOTT, DANVILLE, ILL., SAYS:  
"THE GENERAL TESTIMONY OF OUR FRIENDS  
IS THAT BURKE'S WHITE PINE BALM FOR  
GOUT AND COLDS WORKS LIKE A CHARM."  
PRICE 50¢.

A GRAND MUSICAL TREAT WILL BE GIVEN AT  
THE AFRICAN M. E. CHURCH, WEDNESDAY  
EVENING, JUNE 10th. A CONCERT CONSISTING  
OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, ETC. AD-  
MISSION, 15 CENTS; CHILDREN, 10 CENTS.

AS OUR FRIENDS WILL SAY, OUR TRADE HAS  
INCREASED TILL WE ARE THE LEADING SHOE  
DEALERS IN DECATUR. J. H. BLACK & SON.

ISN'T THAT A SWEET PIECE FOR THE HOUSE  
AT J. H. BLACK & SON'S? 9-dtm

J. JONES, SPRINGFIELD MAN, IS IN DE-  
CATUR LOOKING FOR A HORSE STOLEN FROM  
THE DEPARTED AND OF THE FAMILY. DECEASED  
WAS A VETERAN SOLDIER AND MANY COMPRA-  
MATES WERE THERE TO PAY THEIR LAST RESPECTS  
TO THE DEAD. THE SERVICES WERE CONDUCTED  
BY REV. D. P. DUNN. ABOUT THE CASKET  
WERE PLACED A NUMBER OF BEAUTIFUL FLORAL  
OFFERINGS. THE REMAINS WERE INTERRED IN  
GREENWOOD WITH MILITARY HONOR BY A  
SQUADRON OF A. R. COMRADES, COMMANDED BY  
CAPTAIN DURFEE. THE PALBEARS WERE  
W. W. MASSEY, JOHN MILKENGREN, JOSEPH B. WIM-  
BLETON AND GEORGE S. SIMPSON.

A FEW MORE SCHOLARS CAN BE ACCOMMO-  
DATED AT REV. J. CHADDEEN'S GERMAN CLASSES  
AT CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE. LESSONS MISSED  
CAN BE MADE UP; CALL AND EXAMINE STUD-  
ENT'S PROGRESS. 6-65

A FEW MORE SCHOLARS CAN BE ACCOMMO-  
DATED AT REV. J. CHADDEEN'S GERMAN CLASSES  
AT CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE. LESSONS MISSED  
CAN BE MADE UP; CALL AND EXAMINE STUD-  
ENT'S PROGRESS. 6-65

THE MATSON COMPANY'S TILE FACTORY  
WAS SOONER THAN EXPECTED BY THE  
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. THE LOSS  
WAS \$16,000; INSURED FOR \$5,000, IN THE  
PHOENIX, NIAGARA, HARTFORD, LONDON  
COMMERCIAL AND BOSTON MANU-  
FACTURES. IT WAS CAUSED BY GAS EXPLO-  
SION IN ONE OF THE KILNS. THE COMPANY  
WILL REBUILD.

TO OUR CHEAP SALE COMPETITORS WE  
WOULD SAY, "LAY ON, MACKENZIE; AND  
DON'T BE AFRAID OF CRISIS ENOUGH." J. H.  
BLACK & SON'S POPULAR SHOE DEALERS  
HAVE THE LEAD IN TRADE, AND THEY SHALL  
CONTINUE TO DO IT.

THE TUSCULAN POST OFFICE,  
POSTMASTER H. R. INGRAMSON, OF TU-  
SCULAN, HAS FORWARDED HIS RESIGNATION TO  
WASHINGTON, TO TAKE EFFECT JUNE 30. MR.  
INGRAMSON'S TERM DOES NOT EXPIRE FOR TWO  
YEARS YET, BUT HE CHOSE TO RESIGN ON AC-  
COUNT OF HAVING TAKEN CHARGE OF THE  
DOUGLASS COUNTY CREAMERY. HE HAS MADE  
A FAITHFUL AND EFFICIENT OFFICER FOR THE  
PAST SIX YEARS. EX-MAYOR DAVIS AND MARTIN  
V. DAGGETT ARE APPLICANTS FOR THE OFFICE  
AND ONE OR THE OTHER WILL PROBABLY GET IT.

EXCURSIONS  
TO THE WEST, NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN  
BY THE P. & E. R.R. THE P. & E. R.R.  
RUNS PULMAN DAY COACHES AND RECLINING  
CHAIR COACHES FROM DECATUR TO KANSAS,  
MISSOURI, NEBRASKA, COLORADO, NEW MEXICO  
AND ALL POINTS WEST. THOSE CONTEMPLATING  
A TRIP TO THE WEST SHOULD CALL ON OR WRITE  
TO H. W. WILSON, AGENT, 125 NORTH WATER  
STREET, FOR THE PRACTICAL AND FULL IN-  
FORMATION ON THE DIFFERENT ROUTES, THROUGH  
TIME AND CONNECTIONS.

WE PREFER TO WRITE OUR OWN ADVER-  
TISING, AS WE THINK IT IS ALWAYS BEST TO  
TELL THE TRUTH. BARBER & BAKER. 2-6-dtm

WE PREFER TO WRITE OUR OWN ADVER-  
TISING, AS WE THINK IT IS ALWAYS BEST TO  
TELL THE TRUTH. BARBER & BAKER. 2-6-dtm

WE PREFER TO WRITE OUR OWN ADVER-  
TISING, AS WE THINK IT IS ALWAYS BEST TO  
TELL THE TRUTH. BARBER & BAKER. 2-6-dtm

### NORMAN'S GIFT DRAWING.

LIST OF THE LUCKY NUMBERS DRAWN AT  
THE OPERA HOUSE.

FRED NORMAN'S SIXTH ANNUAL DONATION  
DRAWING CAME OFF TO-DAY AS ADVERTISED, AT  
THE OPERA HOUSE, IN THE PRESENCE OF A LARGE  
NUMBER OF PATRONS OF THE NORMAN BARBER  
SHOP AND LAUNDRY. DURING THE LAST YEAR  
NEARLY 50,000 PRIZE TICKETS WERE DISTRIBUTED  
BETWEEN THE PATRONS OF THE PLACE, EACH  
CUSTOMER WHO HAD GOT 25 CENTS WORTH OF  
WORK DONE AT ONE TIME GETTING A NUMBERED  
TICKET. THE DRAWING TO-DAY WAS CONDUCTED  
IN A MANNER ENTIRELY SATISFACTION-  
TORY TO EVERYBODY. BELOW IS A FULL AND  
CORRECT LIST OF ALL THE LUCKY NUMBERS.

THE PRIZES.

No. 22,057 drew the solid gold foil jew-  
eled pocket watch.

No. 32,872 drew a solid gold full jew-  
eled lady's gold watch.

No. 43,871 drew a Champion road cart.

No. 25,067 drew a Diana double-barrel  
breach-loading shotgun.

No. 43,030 drew a No. 3 "Fast Mail"  
clockwork toy.

No. 42,544 drew a fine me

